## Amendments to the Claims:

A detailed listing of all the claims that are, or were, in the application is presented below. Current amendments to the claims, including additions being shown by underlining and deletions being shown by strikethrough or double brackets, are expressed in the listing.

## **Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently Amended) A waterborne coating composition consisting essentially of <u>dispersed</u> polyurethane resin particles, <u>dispersed</u> epoxy resin particles, <u>dispersed</u> polyvinyl chloride resin particles, and a component selected from the group consisting of at least one curing agent, at least one aminoplast, at least one flatting agent, at least one plurality of polymeric particles, at least one plurality of colored particles, at least one plurality of hard particles <u>having a hardness of at least 6 on the Mohs scale</u>, at least one surfactant, at least one rheology modifier, at least one defoamer, at least one coalescing aid and combinations thereof, wherein the composition is an aqueous dispersion and, in addition to hydrogen atoms and chlorine atoms, the moieties pendant from the polyvinyl backbone of the polyvinyl chloride resin consist of ester pendant groups selected from the group consisting of an alkyl ester, <u>alkoxy ester</u>, <u>a</u> carboxylic acid-containing ester and combinations thereof.

Claim 2 (Canceled).

3. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 1, wherein the aminoplast resin is a melamine resin.

Claims 4 and 5 (Canceled).

6. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 36, wherein the first temperature and the second temperature differ by at least 25°C.

- 7. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 1, wherein at least one of the polyurethane resin, epoxy resin and polyvinyl chloride resin comprises a functional group reactive with an epoxy group in the presence of an acid catalyst under conditions of elevated temperature.
- 8. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 7, wherein the functional group comprises an hydroxy group.

Claims 9 to 24 (Canceled).

- essentially of <u>dispersed</u> polyurethane resin particles, <u>dispersed</u> epoxy resin particles, <u>dispersed</u> polyvinyl chloride resin particles, and a component selected from the group consisting of at least one curing agent, at least one aminoplast, at least one flatting agent, at least one plurality of polymeric particles, at least one plurality of colored particles, at least one plurality of hard particles <u>having a hardness of at least 6 on the Mohs scale</u>, at least one surfactant, at least one rheology modifier, at least one defoamer, at least one coalescing aid and combinations thereof, wherein the composition is an aqueous dispersion and, in addition to hydrogen atoms and chlorine atoms, the moieties pendant from the polyvinyl backbone of the polyvinyl chloride resin consist of ester pendant groups selected from the group consisting of acetate acetates, hydroxyl-containing esters, carboxylic acid-containing esters, and combinations thereof.
- 26. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 25, wherein the aminoplast is a melamine resin.

Claim 27 (Canceled).

28. (Currently Amended) A waterborne coating consisting essentially of dispersed polyurethane resin particles, dispersed epoxy resin particles, dispersed

polyvinyl chloride resin particles, and a component selected from the group consisting of at least one curing agent, at least one aminoplast, at least one flatting agent, at least one plurality of polymeric particles, at least one plurality of colored particles, at least one plurality of hard particles having a hardness of at least 6 on the Mohs scale, at least one surfactant, at least one rheology modifier, at least one defoamer, at least one coalescing aid and combinations thereof, wherein the composition is an aqueous dispersion and the polyvinyl chloride resin is selected from the group consisting of polyvinyl chloride homopolymer, vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer, chloride and hydroxyl-containing vinyl polymers, chloride and carboxylic acid-containing vinyl polymers, and combinations thereof.

- 29. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 28, wherein the polyvinyl chloride resin is a polyvinyl chloride homopolymer.
- 30. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 28, wherein the polyvinyl chloride resin is a vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer.
- 31. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 28, wherein the aminoplast is a melamine resin.

Claim 32 (Canceled).

33. (Currently Amended) A waterborne coating composition consisting essentially of <u>dispersed</u> polyurethane resin particles, <u>dispersed</u> epoxy resin particles, <u>dispersed</u> polyvinyl chloride resin particles, and a component selected from the group consisting of at least one curing agent, at least one aminoplast, at least one flatting agent, at least one plurality of polymeric particles, at least one plurality of colored particles, at least one plurality of hard particles <u>having a hardness of at least 6 on the Mohs scale</u>, at least one surfactant, at least one rheology modifier, at least one defoamer, at least one coalescing aid and combinations thereof, wherein the composition is an aqueous dispersion and the polyvinyl chloride resin consists of <u>monomers monomer units</u> selected

from the group consisting of vinyl chloride monomers monomer units, vinyl acetate monomers monomer units, hydroxyl-containing vinyl monomers monomer units, carboxylic acid-containing vinyl monomers monomer units and combinations thereof.

34. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 33, wherein the aminoplast is a melamine resin.

Claim 35 (Canceled).

- 36. (Currently Amended) A waterborne coating composition comprising:
  - a) dispersed polyurethane resin particles,
  - b) dispersed epoxy resin particles,
  - c) dispersed polyvinyl chloride resin particles,
  - d) a first curing agent, and
  - e) a second curing agent,

wherein the first curing agent promotes curing at a first temperature and the second curing agent promotes curing at a second different temperature, and the composition is an aqueous dispersion.

- 37. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 36, wherein the first and second curing agents are acidic catalysts.
- 38. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 36, wherein at least one of the curing agents is an amine blocked acidic catalyst.
- 39. (Currently Amended) The composition of claim 36, wherein, in addition to hydrogen atoms and chlorine atoms, the moieties pendant from the polyvinyl backbone of the polyvinyl chloride resin consist of ester pendant groups selected from the group consisting of an alkyl ester, alkoxy ester, a carboxylic acid-containing ester and combinations thereof.

- 40. (Currently Amended) The composition of claim 36, wherein, in addition to hydrogen atoms and chlorine atoms, the moieties pendant from the polyvinyl backbone of the polyvinyl chloride resin consist of ester pendant groups selected from the group consisting of acetate acetates, hydroxyl-containing esters, carboxylic acid-containing esters, and combinations thereof.
- 41. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 36, wherein the polyvinyl chloride resin is selected from the group consisting of polyvinyl chloride homopolymer, vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer, chloride and hydroxyl-containing vinyl polymers, chloride and carboxylic acid-containing vinyl polymers, and combinations thereof.
- 42. (Currently Amended) The composition of claim 36, wherein the polyvinyl chloride resin consists of monomers monomer units selected from the group consisting of vinyl chloride monomer units, vinyl acetate monomer units, hydroxyl-containing vinyl monomers units, carboxylic acid-containing vinyl monomers monomer units and combinations thereof.